



## Microenvironment for hiPSC-derived pacemaking cardiomyocytes

## **Grant Award Details**

Microenvironment for hiPSC-derived pacemaking cardiomyocytes

Grant Type: Quest - Discovery Stage Research Projects

Grant Number: DISC2-10120

Project Objective: Develop a proof-of-concept biopacemaker consisting of hiPSC-derived cardiomyocytes in a

porcine matrix scaffold from the sinoatrial node.

Investigator:

Name: Deborah Lieu

Institution: University of California, Davis

Type: PI

Disease Focus: Heart Disease

**Award Value**: \$2,042,728

Status: Active

## **Grant Application Details**

Application Title: Microenvironment for hiPSC-derived pacemaking cardiomyocytes

#### **Public Abstract:**

#### Research Objective

This proposal investigates the effects of the microenvironment on the development and maintenance of pacemaking function in human induced pluripotent stem cell (hiPSC)-derived cardiomyocytes.

#### **Impact**

Pacemaking function of hiPSC-derived cardiomyocytes is lost over time. Sustainability of pacemaking function of these cells is critical for engineering an biopacemaker from the patient's own cells.

### **Major Proposed Activities**

- Determine the effects of matrix scaffolds on the differentiation and maintenance of pacemaking function in hiPSC-derived cardiomyocytes.
- Determine the appropriate hiPSC-derived cardiac cells to be subjected to the microenvironment for efficient yield of pacemaking hiPSC-derived cardiomyocytes.
- · Induce vascularization in tissue constructs in small animals to sustain pacemaking tissue construct.
- Test sustainability of a functional pacemaking tissue construct in a small animal model.

# California:

Statement of Benefit to Over 350,000 patients a year in the U.S. require an electronic pacemaker to restore their heart rhythm. The annual healthcare burden amounts to \$20 billion. Repeated surgeries to replace battery and electrical parts generate additional costs and suffering for the patients. A biopacemaker engineered from human stem cell-derived pacemaking cells can overcome problems associated with electronics and improve the quality of life for the pacemaker recipient while reducing cumulative health care costs.

Source URL: https://www.cirm.ca.gov/our-progress/awards/microenvironment-hipsc-derived-pacemaking-cardiomyocytes